

Guangdong Sanvo Chemical Industry Technology Limited Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of Chemicals and Manufacturer

English name of chemical: Brake Cleaner

Manufacturer: Guangdong Sanvo Chemical Industry Technology Limited

Address: Dacen Industrial Park, Huangpu Town, Zhongshan City, Guangdong, China

Postal Code: 528429. CHINA Telephone: 0760-28163797

Company Emergency telephone number: 0532-83889090

Fax number: 0760-28163118

E-mail address: sanvo@sanvo.com

Recommended use: It can effectively remove the stubborn carbon, oil and glue of the brake pads. Regular use can reduce the wear of the brake pads, reduce transmission failures, run smoothly, extend the life of the brake pads, and ensure driving safety.

2. Hazards Identification

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Cause serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

GHS-classification

Physical hazards	Aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Aspiration hazard	Category 2 Category 2A Category 3 narcotic effects Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2 Category 2

Other hazards which do not result in classification Label elements Pictograms

Not classified.



GHS-labeling Signal word





Hazard statement

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to

heat or flame. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the

environment.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT

induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect

spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked

up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding

50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Physical & chemical hazards Extremely flammable aerosol. The product is stable and non-reactive under normal

conditions of use, storage and transport.

Health hazards harmful to human health through inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, food invasion

into human body, stimulation and anesthesia.

Environmental hazards volatile components can pollute the air, residues can pollute the soil, and permeate

the water.

3. Component/ Composition Information

Substance/mixture	Mixture	
Chemical Entity	CAS No.	Proportion (%)
Isohexane	107-83-5	70-85
Ethanol	64-17-5	1-10
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1-5
LPG	68476-85-7	10-20



4. First aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get

medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not

induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

doesn't get into the lungs.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Foam. Powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media to avoid Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed Specific hazards

to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special fire fighting Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers procedures

should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

Extinguishing method First cut off the fuel source and evacuate the personnel. Spray water can keep the

container cool, use extinguishing agent from the wind direction downward.

fire personnel

Clean-up methods and

measures

materials and containment

Special protective equipment for Wear a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and a protective suit

to protect the whole face.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedure

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of For non-emergency personnel

> spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the

SDS.

For emergency responders Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended

in Section 8 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no

smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from

entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into

containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section

13 of the SDS.



7. Handling and storage

Handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Storage

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Maximum permissible concentration in China:

MAC (mg/m3): N/A

Engineering measures:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

Respiratory protection:

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves such as: Rubber and Oil resistant.

Eye protection:

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.



9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical stateLiquidFormAerosol.

Colorless liquid

Odour: Light solvent odor

pH value: 7.0.

Melting point/freezing point (°C)

Not available.

Boiling point (°C) Not available.

Initial boiling point ($^{\circ}$)Not available.Boiling range ($^{\circ}$)Not available.Flash point ($^{\circ}$)Not available.

Lower Explosive limit [%(V/V)]

Upper Explosive limit [%(V/V)]

1.2[isohexane]:19.0[ethanol]

7.0[isohexane]:3.3[ethanol]

Vapor Pressure (kpa)Not available.Ralative Vapor density (air = 1)Not available.Ralative density (water = 1)0.70~0.80

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Slightly soluble in water, soluble in esters, aromatic, chloroform and other organic solvents.

N - octanol/water distribution

coefficient

Solubility

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Alkalies.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

No toxicological information is available. The following are the main hazardous components of this product, for reference only.

Toxicological data of main harmful component- **Isohexane**:

Acute toxicity: LD50: 25mg/kg (mouse oral); LC50: 48000mg/4H (mouse inhalation).

Subacute and chronic toxicity: rats inhaled 2.76g/m3/day for 143 days, reduced nocturnal activity, mild abnormal reaction of the reticuloendothelial system, demyelination of peripheral nerves, mild axon changes, mild gastrocnemius muscle fibers Shrinking.

Irritation: Rabbit eyes: 162mg, moderate irritation. Rabbit skin: 810mg/24 hours, severe stimulation.

DNA inhibition: 5000ppm/hour of human fibroblasts (continuous).



12. Ecological information

Environmental destruction and distribution: possible pollution of air and water. Low toxicity to fish and mammals.

Persistence and degradation: volatile components can be photolyzed, and steam residues can be slowly oxidized and degraded by organisms and microorganisms.

Toxicity: it has the potential of low toxicity and biochemical enrichment to prevent the growth of organisms and microorganisms.

13. Disposal considerations

Residual waste: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging: Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Local disposal regulations: Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

14. Transport information

CNDG

UN number: 1950

UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1

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Packing group

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number: UN1950

UN proper shipping name : Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity Transport hazard class(es): Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity

Class 2.1

Subsidiary risk
Label(s) 2.1

Packing group : Not applicable. Environmental hazards: No

ERG Code: 10L

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft: Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only: : Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number: UN1950

UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1



Packing group: Not applicable.

Environmental hazards Marine pollutant: : No

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory information:

Regulations on the safety management of hazardous chemicals (order 344 of the state council)

Measures for the administration of hazardous chemicals registration (order No. 35 of the state economic and trade commission)

Regulations on the registration and administration of hazardous chemicals in Guangdong province (Guangdong economic and trade security [2003] No. 80)

Regulations on the safe use of chemicals in the workplace ([1996] No. 423 issued by the department of labor)

Relevant provisions are made for the production, operation, storage, transportation, use and disposal of hazardous chemicals.



16. Other information

Literary reference

- 1. Global uniform classification and labelling of chemicals (second revision), 2007
- 2. Model regulations for the transport of dangerous goods ,2015
- 3. International maritime dangerous goods (edition 34-08)
- 4. Technical manual for hazardous chemical safety, Chemical industry press, 1997
- 5. Regulations on the safety management of hazardous chemicals, 2011
- 6. Dangerous goods list (GB12268-2012)
- 7. Classification and code of dangerous goods (GB6944-2012)
- 8. Compilation of technical specification for hazardous chemical safety (GB16483-2000)
- 9. Classification and marking of common hazardous chemicals (GB13690-92)

Professional training: personnel engaged in the handling or transportation of dangerous goods must receive training on the content of requirements related to the handling or transportation of dangerous goods, general knowledge or familiarity training, specific functional training and safety training, etc.

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